### ИНТЕЛЛЕКТУАЛЬНЫЙ ПОТЕНЦИАЛ ВУЗОВ – НА РАЗВИТИЕ ДАЛЬНЕВОСТОЧНОГО РЕГИОНА РОССИИ И СТРАН АТР

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### SMART-ТЕХНОЛОГИИ (ВЕБИНАР И СОЦИАЛЬНЫЕ СЕТИ) В ПРЕПОДАВАНИИ ИНОСТРАННОГО ЯЗЫКА В ОБЩЕОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНОЙ ШКОЛЕ

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В статье рассматривается использование smart-технологий, таких как вебинары и социальные сети, их эффективность при обучении английскому языку в общеобразовательной школе. На основе проведенных прак-тических вебинаров и использования социальных сетей на уроках автор определяет положительные и отрицательные стороны данных технологий, формулирует их основные характеристики.

**Ключевые слова:** smart-технологии, вебинар, социальные сети, обучение иностранному языку, общеобразовательная школа.

## SMART TECHNOLOGIES (WEBINAR AND SOCIAL NETWORKS) IN TEACHING A FOREIN LANGUAGE IN A COMPREHENSIVE SCHOOL

The article discusses such learning technologies as webinars and social networks, their effectiveness in teaching English in secondary schools. Based on the conducted practical webinars and the use of social networks in the classroom, the author identifies the positive and negative sides of these technologies, formulates their main characteristics.

Keywords: smart technologies, webinars, social nets, foreign language teaching, secondary school.

The choice of this topic is due to the fact that with the development of information technology, the possibilities and needs of education have increased many times over, as a result of which all participants in the educational process need to be able to use and apply them in practice. Changing the paradigm of the educational process has led to a rethinking of its structure and applied technologies, bringing to the fore information, including SMART technologies

Also, this topic is closely related to my professional future, so even now I am interested in the effectiveness of various technologies for teaching a foreign language.

The discipline "Foreign language" differs from many other academic disciplines in that it requires the trainees to have both practical skills and theoretical knowledge. This affects both the hardware and software used in teaching, and the pedagogical and methodological methods of teaching a foreign language [8]. The acquisition of new skills, new "literacy" (technical, critical, linguistic and cultural) plays a very important role in the acceptance, development and use of ICT in teaching foreign languages. In order to successfully use and implement new technologies, a teacher must be well prepared and trained, take the necessary advanced training courses, and be aware of the latest technologies in education [8].

Although it is worth noting that, the introduction of new technologies does not change the "nature" of training, but only complements and transforms it. The way a teacher treats the use of new technologies in their lessons is crucial in achieving the desired results and the possibility of changing the very "nature" of learning [10].

The main reasons for the use of innovative computer technologies by foreign language teachers are:

- · being in an authentic language environment
- access to extensive sources of information and various language optionsopportunities to communicate with the outside world
  - a student-centered approach to learning
  - · development of the student's ability to work independently
  - a greater variety of educational content
  - new conditions for self-education and the creation of individual learning paths
- teachers and students can jointly plan and organize a course of study, which allows students to influence the choice of educational content

• eliminate the limitations of the traditional method by taking learning and teaching outside the class-room • facilitate student communication with each other and with the teacher using the Internet [1].

In order to effectively use ICT in the educational process, a foreign language teacher must have an idea of the individual learning problems of each student, make an informed decision when choosing a technology to use, check the accuracy of the information content offered, develop effective search methods and be able to conduct research using a computer, confidently and competently use standard software, critically evaluate and select the information received.

The variety of media in learning and teaching not only changes the place and quality of learning, but also affects the learning process from a didactic and methodological point of view, requiring special competencies from teachers. Changes taking place in society as a whole (globalization, computerization, etc.) require new language competencies. Many language skills are now being acquired outside of university classrooms, often online, and are becoming a powerful socializing factor for students. Therefore, teachers should, first of all, improve their pedagogical competencies related to the use of media; not to overload students with information and instructions, but more to advise them in the learning process; rather observe the educational process, and not lead it; propose and organize group work [2].

The use of the latest smart technologies, such as webinars, blogs, twitter, video and audio podcasts, in asynchronous and online modes in the process of teaching foreign languages, increasingly complements traditional teaching methods, increases students' motivation to study, makes them take a fresh look at the studied subjects, thus revealing the intellectual and creative potential of students [3].

Learning a foreign language online is gradually gaining credibility. Despite the fact that adherents of traditional teaching methods are skeptical about conducting classes online, webinars have taken a strong position in the field of education. Previously, in classrooms, and now at home, in real time, you can listen to lectures or take part in a seminar on any subject (including learning a foreign language), communicate with a teacher, ask questions and get answers. To organize such an activity, no special knowledge is required, you do not need to be an advanced PC user, although a fairly high level of organization is required [4].

Webinar is a synthesis of the words: "web" and "seminar"; this is an online seminar that provides the teacher (tutor) with the opportunity to transfer information and assignments, and the participants to gain new knowledge through a virtual classroom in which they can hear and see each other anywhere in the world.

A special application launches the webinar. Dialogue with students is built in an alternative format, and modern smart technologies make it possible to transfer student learning to a distance form, thus increasing the interest and attendance of students [5].

On the technical side, the webinar involves the creation of registration forms for students. It is necessary that the webinar broadcast be uninterrupted, i. the speaker needs to prepare "desktop", broadcast presentations, and there should be no problems with sound and video. The speaker and participants must be able to see and hear each other well, and communication between them must be ensured, via chat or a microphone. At the beginning of the webinar, you need to start recording so that those who are late or absent can watch it later [6].

Among the benefits of webinars, the most significant are the following:

a webinar, unlike most types of web conferences, where the speaker speaks most of the time, has a high degree of interactivity. Listeners are actively involved in the learning process, they can ask questions, immediately eliminating the misunderstandings that arise.

at the end of the online seminar, participants receive a recording that can be used to consolidate and disseminate the information received.

sometimes the audio and video recordings received during the webinar are posted with text transcripts that make it easy to read the text without using viewing. Not everyone has an Internet speed that allows them to comfortably watch videos. Moreover, some listeners perceive textual information better than visual information.

no expenses for accommodation, travel, meals; a minimum of materials for the educational process: all you need is a computer, speakers with a microphone and the Internet.

webinars save a lot of time, as participants do not need to be at the webinar venue.

no borders: the participant can be at home, in the office, in another country.

To be objective, let's also consider the problems that webinar participants may face:

a webinar listener needs a sufficient level of self-discipline and conditions under which no one will distract him. With a large number of distractions, it is difficult to concentrate on the learning process. As a result, the effectiveness of training is reduced.

the quality of provided Internet access services can also become a problem. High-speed unlimited Internet will help to remove this problem, provided that the connection is stable. If a student decides to study outside the home, having a set of a laptop and a 3G modem with him, additional distractions may appear – the percentage of battery charge and problems with the network coverage area.

for many, the main disadvantage of webinars is the lack of "live" communication between the teacher and the audience, which helps to bring the audience closer together in an "informal" setting. No matter how hard the teacher tries, during the webinar, the same emotional connection will not be established between him and the audience, which appears as a result of live communication in real time. And this is a very important aspect that directly affects the effectiveness of training [7].

In the modern world, social networks and Internet blogs have become very widespread. Almost every Internet user is now registered in at least one of the many existing social networks or maintains a blog. Speaking about the possibility of using social networks in the process of teaching a foreign language,it should be noted that the most suitable "assistant" among the whole variety of social networks in this matter is, according to the authors, the network "Vkontakte" and «WhatsApp" [9]

"Vkontakte" you can create separate groups-communities. The creation of such a group-community opens up many opportunities for conducting learning within this social network.

In the course of my teaching practice at secondary school No. 13, I applied this learning technology, namely the use of a webinar on the Zoom platform. I developed a lesson plan, set goals and objectives. The lessons were held at the 7th grade, the growing category of students 12-13 years old (13 students) and at the 10th grade (16-17 years old).

After conducting all the planned lessons, I analyzed the webinars and came to the conclusion that this teaching method is not suitable for all students of the same age category. Generally speaking, then, firstly, about a third of the students are relaxed by the home and familiar environment, as a result of which the efficiency of information perception decreases. Secondly, a third of the students also use the fact that if they do not know the answer and do not want to answer, they can answer that they have problems with the Internet connection or with the computer. However, there are also positive aspects. For example, a third of students, on the contrary, are more comfortable studying in a homely and familiar environment, their academic performance increases. Also, this part of the class has increased personal motivation for learning a foreign language.

In conclusion of the work done, the following conclusions can be formulated: first, this technique is effective, but for an older age category, namely for the 10th grade, and not for the 7th. Secondly, high school students are more responsible for learning, as they understand the importance of academic performance and knowledge. High school students are less distracted, do not relax on webinars, and most students do their homework for each lesson. And third, for 7th grade students, face-to-face lessons are more effective than online lessons using webinars.

In the process of working on the study, I gained important experience, namely the ability to plan for an online lesson and conduct it. I am sure that the knowledge I have gained will allow me to avoid mistakes in my future professional activities and make my lessons more effective.

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